Upon entry of the present amendment, claims 1-20 and 22-40 will remain pending.

Withdrawn claim 21 is canceled without prejudice or disclaimer, and claims 22-28 are amended.

In the Action, claims 1-7, 9-13, 15-19 and 22-40 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as

being anticipated by Himmel (U.S. Patent No. 6,167,441); claim 8 stands rejected under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over a combination of *Himmel* and *Aviani*, *Jr. et al.* (U.S.

Patent No. 6,532,493); claim 14 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over a combination of *Himmel, Aviani, Jr. et al.* and *Mason et al.* (U.S. Pub. No. 2002/0026491);

and claim 20 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Himmel and

"logical reasoning." The Action also noted that a replacement drawing sheet was omitted from

the prior amendment (dated September 27, 2004). Applicant responds to the Action as follows.

Replacement Drawing Sheet

Regarding the drawing sheet, the Appendix to this paper includes the replacement

drawing sheet that was omitted from the prior amendment.

Finality of the Action

Before turning to the substance of the rejections, Applicant respectfully requests

withdrawal of the finality of the Action, because the grounds of rejection applied in the Action

are not yet ripe for appeal. Specifically, independent claim 8 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C.

103(a) as being unpatentable over a combination of *Himmel* (U.S. Patent No. 6,167,441) and

Aviani, Jr. et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,532,493). This is a new ground of rejection, since the

previous Action rejected claim 8 based on Himmel alone. The Action alleges that its new

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rejections were necessitated by Applicant's September 27 amendment, but that amendment did

not change the scope of claim 8. Instead, it simply rewrote formerly dependent claim 8 into

independent form by adding the language previously recited in its base independent claim.

Applicant respectfully submits that such an amendment is not sufficient to warrant the finality of

the Action.

Availability of Mason et al. as a Reference

The Action relies on newly-cited *Mason et al.* in rejecting claim 14. This document is

unavailable as prior art. It bears a filing date of March 22, 2001, while the present application

was filed on January 5, 2001. Although Mason et al. purports to be a continuation-in-part of an

earlier-filed application (Application Serial No. 09/570,961), and claims priority to that earlier

application, the earlier application does not recite the language relied upon in the Action, and

appears to be directed towards different teachings. Should the Action continue to apply Mason

et al. to reject claim 14, applicant requests that the subject matter found in the earlier filed

application (09/570,961) be specifically identified.

Independent Claim 1, and Dependent Claims 2-7, 9-13 and 15-20

With regard to independent claim 1, that claim recites, among other features, the

following step:

transmitting, from the browser program module, a request for the data to the server, wherein the request includes header information

identifying a current setting of a dynamic characteristic of the

application requesting the data;

In making its rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e), the Action alleges that this exact request is

transmitted in the *Himmel HTTP* header. Action, p. 6. To show that the *Himmel HTTP* header

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"includes header information identifying a current setting of a dynamic characteristic ...," the

Action cites a latter portion of *Himmel*, which states that web page content can ultimately be

modified based on the client device's "display sizes, color palettes, font or font size." Action, p.

6, quoting *Himmel*, col. 7, lines 44-53.

In making this rejection, the Action assumes that the Himmel "display sizes, color

palettes, font or font size" information is included in its HTTP request header information (cited

to show the claimed request header information). There is no basis for this assumption. Indeed,

the only client device information included in *Himmel's* HTTP request header is the browser and

operating system type/version. See, e.g. Himmel, col. 5, lines 55-56. Other information (such as

the display size, color palette and font information cited in the Action) is obtained using the

snooper agent (a separate program, not included in the request, which is downloaded to the

requesting computer and reports back its findings in a separate communication); and a web page

interface, neither of which are taught or suggested to be included in the cited HTTP request

header. See, e.g., Figs. 4 (client information 163 is shown separate from Himmel's HTTP

request) and 6 (web page interface), and col. 8, lines 19-29 (web page interface used if snooper

agent fails, also not included in the cited HTTP request). Himmel lacks any teaching or

suggestion of the claimed step of transmitting, "wherein the request includes header information

identifying a current setting of a dynamic characteristic of the application requesting the data," as

recited in claim 1.

For at least the reasons set forth above, Applicant submits that amended independent

claim 1 distinguishes over the art of record. Dependent claims 2-7, 9-13 and 15-20 depend from

claim 1, and are allowable for at least the same reasons as claim 1, and further in view of the

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various advantageous and novel features recited therein. For example, claim 7 recites the

method of claim 1, wherein said header information identifies a locale setting of said application.

The Action cites *Himmel* col. 9, lines 28-30 to show this feature. However, the cited portion

merely states that locale information "is usually present in the operating system and can be

effectively snooped," and says nothing about including such information in a request's header

information, as recited in claim 7.

Independent Claim 8

Independent claim 8 recites, among other features, the step of "transmitting, from the

browser program module, a request for the data to the server, wherein the request includes

header information identifying a characteristic of the application; ... wherein said header

information identifies a characteristic of a network condition."

In making the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the Action concedes that *Himmel* fails to

teach or suggest such header information, and relies on newly-cited Aviani, Jr., et al. to address

this deficiency. Aviani, Jr., et al. relates generally to data caching, and the portions cited by the

Action describe how a client may issue a request for data, and the Aviani, Jr., et al. caching

system checks the HTTP request to see if the request can be serviced by a registered server.

Aviani, Jr., et al., col. 8, lines 10-65. "If the traffic corresponds to an entry in the register service

provider list, the specific client/server pair as identified in the HTTP header is added to the

bypass list for future redirection (508)." col. 8, lines 50-52 (emphasis added). The Aviani, Jr. et

al. header identifies a specific client/server pair, but lacks a teaching or suggestion that this

header identifies a characteristic of a "network condition," as recited in claim 8. As such, the

combination of *Himmel* and *Aviani*, *Jr*., even if proper, does not result in the claim 8 invention.

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Independent Claim 22, and Dependent Claims 23-33

Applicant has amended independent claim 22 to recite as follows:

A method for providing information on the Internet, comprising the steps of:

a) receiving, from a browser program module, a request for a web page;

b) examining said received request for header information identifying said web browser;

c) examining said received request for header information identifying a status of a user-configurable setting for an application for which said web browser sent said request;

d) transmitting a response to said browser program module, wherein said response includes a version of said web page in accordance with said status

e) receiving, from said browser program module, information indicating that said status of said user-configurable setting has been changed; and

f) automatically transmitting a second version of said web page to said program module, said second version differing from said first version in accordance with said change in said status of said user-configurable setting.

Applicant respectfully submits that none of the art of record alone or in combination teaches or suggests such a method. For example, none of the references teaches or suggests a method including the steps of "examining said received request for header information identifying a status of a user-configurable setting for an application for which said web browser sent said request;" "receiving, from said browser program module, information indicating that said status of said user-configurable setting has been changed; and automatically transmitting a

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second version of said web page to said program module, said second version differing from said

first version in accordance with said change in said status of said user-configurable setting."

Applicant submits that claim 22 distinguishes over the art of record, and is in condition

for allowance for at least the aforementioned reasons. Claims 23-33 depend from claim 22, and

are allowable for at least the same reasons as claim 22 and further in view of the additional

advantageous features recited therein.

Independent Claims 34 and 38, and Dependent Claims 35-37 and 39

Independent claims 34 and 38 recite a "request includes header information identifying a

current setting of a dynamic characteristic" and a "request including header information

identifying a current setting of a dynamic characteristic" of an application. The Action relies on

Himmel to reject these claims as being anticipated. As discussed above with respect to claim 1,

Himmel fails to teach or suggest any request having such header information identifying a

current setting of a dynamic characteristic. For at least these reasons, independent claims 34 and

38 distinguish over the art of record. Dependent claims 35-37 and 39 are allowable for at least

the same reasons as their independent base claims, and further in view of the various

advantageous and novel features recited therein.

Independent Claim 40

And last, but not least, independent claim 40 recites, among other features, the following:

wherein said Internet request includes header information

identifying a characteristic of a display area used by an application

operating on said processor of said user device;

The Action relies on the Himmel "client device characteristics" to show this feature. As

discussed above, Himmel does not teach or suggest that the quoted "display sizes" are identified

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by the Himmel HTTP request header. Instead, the Himmel header identifies browser version and

operating system version, and the cited display size information is obtained via a snooper agent

or web page query to the user. Accordingly, Himmel lacks a teaching or suggestion of all the

elements of claim 40.

Conclusion

In conclusion, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the

finality of the Action and the rejections therein, and submits that claims 1-20 and 22-40

distinguish over the art of record and are in condition for allowance. However, if additional

amendment and/or discussion would be helpful, the Examiner is invited to telephone Applicant's

undersigned representative at the number appearing below.

Respectfully submitted,

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Dated: February 9, 2005

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